



LOCAL CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

November 2025



**BOROUGH OF
BROXBOURNE**
www.broxbourne.gov.uk

FOREWORD

The Local Code of Corporate Governance is consistent with the seven principles identified in The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA)/Society of Local Authority Chief Executives and Senior Managers (SOLACE). The Borough of Broxbourne covers 20 square miles in south-east Hertfordshire and has a population of about 99,000 (March 2021 census). The Borough is a balance between urban, industrial and commercial areas with four town centres (Broxbourne, Cheshunt, Hoddesdon and Waltham Cross) alongside rural green belt land. It is a gateway to London, forming part of the commuter belt.

There are 30 elected members of the Council across ten wards. The Council has had a leader and cabinet form of executive governance since 2011.

The Council recognises the importance of good governance and in order to fulfil its purpose and deliver the intended outcomes for its residents and service users, it has in place comprehensive arrangements for corporate governance and accountability designed to ensure that it operates in an effective, efficient and ethical manner.

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BROXBOURNE BOROUGH COUNCIL

The Council believes that effective corporate governance is achieved by:

- Putting in place sound control systems and processes
- Regularly checking to make sure those systems and processes are working in practice
- Reviewing those control systems and processes at least annually.

This Local Code of Corporate Governance has been developed to demonstrate how the Council does this in practice and how it complies with each of the seven principles (A-G). The Code brings together in one document the governance and accountability arrangements which the Council currently has in place. The Code will be reviewed at least once every two years and updated as required.



The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 require the Council to review at least once a year the effectiveness of its system of internal control and to approve and publish an Annual Governance Statement (AGS). This Code will facilitate the Council's review of its corporate governance arrangements for the purposes of the AGS. The AGS is monitored and reviewed by the Audit and Standards Committee after presentation to the committee. This should be undertaken in conjunction with the annual Statement of Accounts. Due to national delays in having the Statement of Accounts audited, this has not been feasible and the AGS is currently approved in isolation.

This Local Code of Corporate Governance was last reviewed in November 2024.

DEFINING CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance can be defined as “the systems by which organisations are directed and controlled”.

There are three fundamental principles of corporate governance:

Openness: This ensures that all interested parties are confident in the organisation itself. It leads to effective and timely action and lends itself to necessary scrutiny.

Integrity: This is described as both straightforward dealing and completeness. It should be reflected in the honesty of an organisation’s annual report and its portrayal of a balanced view. The integrity of reports depends on the integrity of those who prepare and present them which, in turn, is a reflection of the professional standards within the organisation.

Accountability: This is the process whereby individuals are responsible for their actions. It is achieved by all parties having a clear understanding of those responsibilities and having clearly defined roles through a robust structure.

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) defines corporate governance for local authorities as “the systems and processes, the cultures and values, by which local government bodies are directed and controlled and through which they account to, engage with and, where appropriate, lead their communities”.

The Localism Act 2011 requires councils to have a code of conduct for members. The Council complies with the Local Government Association (LGA) Model Councillor Code of Conduct, which can be found in the Constitution.

In 2007, CIPFA and SOLACE jointly published a Framework for Delivering Corporate Governance in Local Government to assist councils to review their governance arrangements and to highlight any gaps. The Framework, which was updated in 2012 and 2016, adapts the core principles of good governance for the local government sector and recommends that all councils should comply with them. The CIPFA/SOLACE Framework was updated with an addendum published in May 2025. The addendum supports the development of a local code of governance to ensure authorities meet the principles of good governance.

The seven principles identified in the Framework for Delivering Corporate Governance in Local Government (CIPFA 2016) are:

- A.** Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values, and respecting the rule of law
- B.** Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement
- C.** Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social and environmental benefits
- D.** Determining the interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of the intended outcomes
- E.** Developing the entity’s capacity, including the capability of its leadership and the individuals within it
- F.** Managing risks and performance through robust internal controls and strong public financial management
- G.** Implementing good practices in transparency, reporting and audit, to deliver effective accountability.

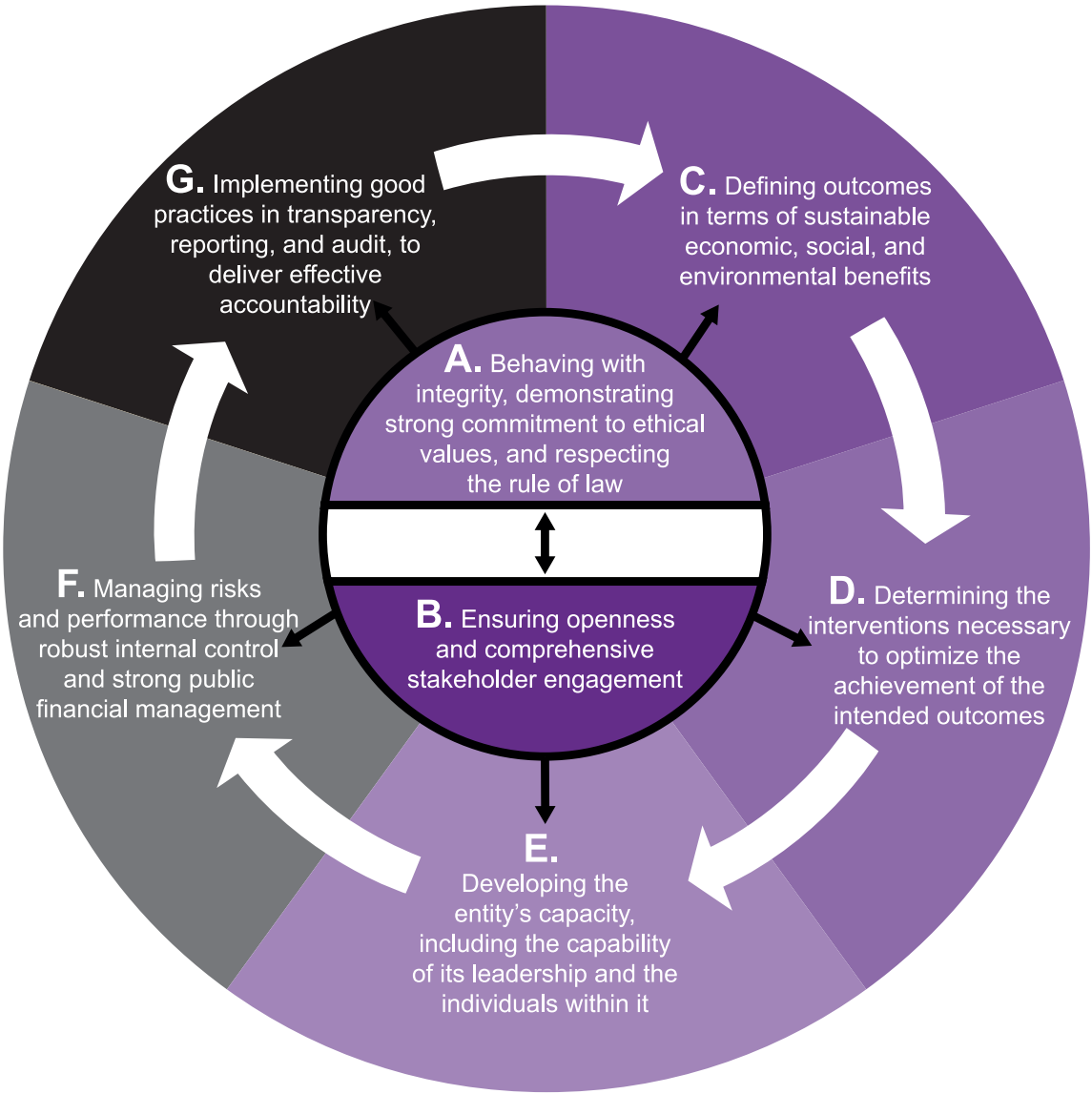
CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Code of Corporate Governance is a statement of the systems by which the Council directs and controls the exercise of its functions and relates to the local community. It is intended to:

- Stimulate confidence in the activities of the Council and how it goes about its business
- Focus the minds of those involved in decision making on making those decisions in a proper way and engaging local stakeholders
- Assist with the constant improvement of service delivery and minimisation of risk.

PRINCIPLES OF GOOD GOVERNANCE

The diagram below illustrates the seven core principles of corporate governance as identified by CIPFA / SOLACE.



Principle A: Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values, and respecting the rule of law

The Council recognises that good governance is underpinned by behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values and respecting the rule of law. The standards of conduct and behaviour that the Council expects of members and officers are clearly set out in the constitution. In particular, the codes and protocols in part 5 and in the Officer Code of Conduct. This is supported by training programmes for both members and staff.

		Supporting documentation and evidence of compliance with A(1)	
A(1)	<p>Behaving with Integrity</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Having in place an agreed Code of Conduct for members and staff. • Having in place well-structured and transparent decision making processes and delegation arrangements. • The Corporate Governance Group meeting on a monthly basis to consider governance and integrity issues. • Regularly reviewing its policies to ensure that they remain effective. • Having regular meetings of the Corporate Management Team and with the Cabinet to ensure coherent political direction. • Having established staff procedures through personnel and annual Objective Setting Meetings for all staff. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Corporate Plan • Constitution, Part 3A – Responsibility for Non-Executive Council Functions, Part 5 Codes and Protocols • Audit and Standards Committee • Scrutiny Committee • Cabinet and committee reports and minutes • Officer Code of Conduct • Member Code of Conduct • Member and staff training programmes • Contract Standing Orders and procurement guidance • Contracts register • Corporate complaints procedure • Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy and fraud response plan • Computer use policies • Data Transfer Policy • Data Security Policy • Data Retention Policy • Social Media Guidance document • Register of interests and register of gifts and hospitality for both members and officers • Corporate values 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whistleblowing Policy • Personnel policies and mandatory training such as corporate induction, customer care, preventing fraud, managing diversity • Investors in People accreditation and action plan • Internal Audit plan, annual report and review of effectiveness • Partnership Protocol, Partnership governance documents • Register of concurrences • Financial regulations • Governance group • Corporate Management Team (CMT) minutes • Staff and member briefings on the corporate values introduced in November 2022, which have been built into the annual staff Objective Setting Meeting process • Equality and Inclusion Strategy 2023-2027

		Supporting documentation and evidence of compliance with A(2) & (3)
A(2)	<p>Demonstrating Strong Commitment to Ethics</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appointing experienced Section 151 and Monitoring Officers with appropriate qualifications and seniority within the Council to promote ethical values. • Appointing an Audit and Standards Committee with an Independent Person. • Established processes for quickly investigating complaints/ethical standards issues. • A supported and effective whistleblowing policy. • Promoting ethical values through open tendering and standard contract documentation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regular reporting of standards issues to Audit and Standards Committee • Equality and Inclusion Strategy 2023-2027 • Financial Regulations, Contract Standing Orders and procurement guidance • Complaints procedure • Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy and fraud response plan • Whistleblowing Policy • Constitution • Cabinet and committee reports
A(3)	<p>Respecting the Rule of Law</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A modern, up-to-date constitution. • Ensuring all decision making reports contain relevant legal constraints. • Ensuring decisions are only taken after advice from appropriate officers. • Section 151/Monitoring Officers being part of the report clearing process. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Constitution • Financial Regulations and Contract Standing Orders • Standard report template that includes a named officer and at the end includes a report implication section • Section 151 Officer and the Monitoring Officers are part of the report clearing process • Reporting breaches of legal/regulatory provisions through Corporate Management Team (CMT) and the Audit and Standards Committee

Principle B: Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement

The Constitution sets out how the Council makes decisions and the rights of its residents in relation to the Council's work. The Corporate Communications Strategy sets out how the Council engages with all of its stakeholders to improve its accountability. It is supported by customer care standards and the Corporate Equalities Scheme updated in 2023.

		Supporting documentation and evidence of compliance with B(1)
B(1)	<p>Openness</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Scrutiny Committee providing an annual report to the Council. In addition, committee meeting minutes are reported to the following Council meeting. • Holding Cabinet, committee and Council meetings in public, unless confidential items are being considered. These are live streamed. Reports are available, free of charge, on the website or from the Council offices. This includes the use of publicly accessible virtual platforms. • Providing effective 'critical friend' challenge through the Council's scrutiny processes. • Responding to FOI (Freedom of Information) and Subject Access Requests (SARs) in accordance with legal provision. • Publishing online and properly documenting all decisions taken by the executive. • Maintaining a list of decisions due to be taken by the Cabinet. • Maintaining an effective website. • Making publicly available agendas and clear minuting of all meetings in accordance with statutory regulations. • Ensuring that any emergency decisions made by the Chief Executive (Head of the Paid Service) follow constitutional arrangements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corporate Plan • Service Plans • Corporate Communications Strategy • Constitution • Scrutiny Committee reports to Council • Customer care standards • Corporate Equalities Scheme and Equalities Monitoring report • Website • Our Broxbourne magazine for residents • Publication of agendas and minutes of meetings • Annual Statement of Accounts • Medium Term Financial Strategy • Annual budgets • Service area monitor report to Scrutiny Committee • Compliance with Freedom of Information Act • Cabinet workplan • Recorded Committee meetings available on the Council's website • Staff training

		Supporting documentation and evidence of compliance with B(2)
B(2)	<p>Engaging with individual citizens and service users effectively</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensuring meaningful consultation is undertaken during key service changes. • Ensuring statutory consultation processes are followed and consistently applied. • Using a combination of communication methods to engage with citizens. • Having a clear complaints procedure. • Ensuring the Council and its Members take account of consultation in the context of its decision making and financial impact on taxpayers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our Broxbourne magazine for residents • Council website • Corporate complaints procedure • Residents’ surveys • Broxbourne Citizens Panel • Partnership protocol • Various Service Level Agreements (SLAs) • Consultation outcomes • Constitution • Cabinet reports • LGA progress review January 2023 • Engaging with partners, stakeholders, the community, staff and Members regarding Local Government Reorganisation and Devolution

Principle C: Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social, and environmental benefits

The Council recognises the long-term nature and impact of many of its decisions in the community and that it therefore must ensure that these are sustainable, further the Council’s purpose, contribute to intended benefits and outcomes, and remain within the limits of authority and resources. Input from all groups of stakeholders, including residents, service users, and institutional stakeholders, is vital to the success of this process and in balancing competing demands when determining priorities for the finite resources available.

		Supporting documentation and evidence of compliance with C(1)
C(1)	<p>Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social and environmental benefits</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A Corporate Plan that sets out the Council’s vision and priorities based on consultations with local community and other key stakeholders. Supported by strategies and action plans around sustainability and community safety. • An economic development strategy that is approved by the Council and partners on the Ambition Broxbourne Board. • The Broxbourne Community Partnership which is a network of community groups with engagement from the Council, Job Centre Plus and NHS social prescribers. The partnership carries out joint efforts to support wellbeing of vulnerable people, particularly people who are struggling with poverty and mental health problems. • Community Safety actions are discussed at the Responsible Authorities Group (RAG) annually and reviewed quarterly. • Ensuring that decision-making takes account of these and the effects on residents as well as paying due regard to the public sector equality duty. • Ensuring that the Council provides fair access to the services it provides. • Policies in the Local Plan that actively protect the Green Belt and countryside. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corporate Plan • Broxbourne Citizens’ Panel • Our Broxbourne magazine for residents • Service plans • Medium Term Financial Strategy • Broxbourne Community Partnership • Ambition Broxbourne Economic Development Strategy • Council’s website • Local Plan • Equalities Impact Assessments • Equalities Action Plan • Environmental Sustainability Panel • Environmental Sustainability Strategy and Action Plan • Member of the Hertfordshire Climate Change and Sustainability Partnership (HCCSP) and Herts Sustainability Officers Group • Carbon Net Zero and Sustainability Officer Working Group • Separate Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults and Child protection policies

Principle D: Determining the interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of the intended outcomes

Elected members are collectively responsible for the governance of the Council. The role of officers is to advise members to assist with their role and to implement policy and deliver services in accordance with the law and policies of the Council. There are statutory requirements and responsibilities for the Chief Executive, Monitoring Officer and Section 151 Officer. The Local Government Act 2000 also gives councils the power to promote the economic, social and environmental well-being of their area and to work in partnership with other bodies to develop community strategies. Finally, the Localism Act 2011 provides councils with a general power to do all things a normal person could do, the ‘power of general competence’. This is, however, restricted by prevention of revenue-raising powers and other specific statutory restrictions already in place. The Council’s Constitution ensures that there is clarity about policy and regulatory functions and the roles and responsibilities of the scrutiny function. These features contribute to the openness, probity and accountability of the actions of the Council and of its members and officers.

		Supporting documentation and evidence of compliance with D(1)	
D(1)	<p>Determining the interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of intended outcomes</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decision-making processes that receive objective and rigorous analysis including involvement of the Monitoring Officer and the Section 151 Officer. Processes that take account of service users when making decisions. Retaining control over preparation of strategic and operational plans. A demonstrable corporate approach to project management. A Corporate Plan with measurable objectives. Key Performance Indicators that are measurable/SMART and take account of the Council's objectives. A robust budget preparation process that reflects the Council's objectives and the Medium Term Financial Strategy. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Constitution Councillors’ Code of Conduct Officer Code of Conduct Member Officer Protocol Reports to and minutes of Audit and Standards Committee Committee training records Corporate Plan Residents’ surveys Citizen Panel Our Broxbourne magazine for residents Service Plans Medium Term Financial Strategy Economic Development Strategy Cabinet reports (financial, legal, risk, equalities and sustainability implications) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Council website Annual Governance Statement Risk Registers Internal Audit Plans Community Safety Plan Quarterly performance indicators reports Corporate and service specific customer service standards Corporate complaints procedure Complaints monitoring reports Performance indicator reports Project management Annual budgets Equality Impact Assessments

Principle E: Developing the entity’s capacity including the capability of its leadership and the individuals within it

The Council needs people with the right skills to direct and manage it. The Council prides itself on its training programme for officers and members. The Council has developed ‘The Learning Zone’ incorporating further education training programmes and actively supports officers to undertake personal development training. The Council runs an extensive in-house training programme and holds lunchtime briefings to provide officers with the up-to-date knowledge to be effective in their roles. Members also receive bespoke training on key issues on a regular basis.

		Supporting documentation and evidence of compliance with E(1)
E(1)	<p>Developing the Council’s Capacity</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Induction programmes and opportunities to update staff knowledge on a regular basis. Training needs are identified and discussed during the annual Objective Setting Meetings. • Statutory officers having the qualifications, skills, resources and support necessary to perform effectively in their roles. • Job descriptions with candidate specifications and using interviews and tests during the recruitment process to assess the ability of candidates to carry out the core duties of the role. • Measuring staff performance against individual objectives and training requirements identified. • A comprehensive Member development programme of training sessions. • Having clear systems of decision making and effective delegation schemes • Participation in partnerships where there is a sound business case that it will add value. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Officers’ Personal Development Plans • Corporate Induction Programme (officers) • Members’ Induction Training • Members’ training records • Job descriptions • Officer annual Objective Setting Meetings • Continuing Professional Development for professional officers • Corporate Mandatory Training Programme • In house management training programme • Budgetary provision for post-entry training • Apprenticeship and Graduate Management schemes • Outline training and development programme • Reports to CMT, Cabinet and Scrutiny Committee • Monitoring reports • Annual reports of committees

Principle F: Managing risks and performance through robust internal controls and strong public financial management

The Council recognises the importance of managing risks and performance through robust internal controls and strong public financial management ensuring that decisions are accountable and legally sound. All decisions must be based on accurate information, including consideration of legal, financial and risk management implications.

		Supporting documentation and evidence of compliance with F(1)
F(1)	<p>Managing Risk and Performance</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensuring that risk management is an integral part of the Council’s activities and decision making. • Ensuring that the risk register is reviewed by all service managers at least twice a year and quarterly by the Corporate Management Team. • Carrying out risk management training as part of the core training programme. • Requiring that all reports for decision making outline risk implications of the recommendations made within the report. • Requiring that all reports for decision making report on the alignment with corporate priorities. • Maintaining an effective overview and scrutiny function to provide constructive challenge on policy and performance. • Members receiving quarterly performance reports. • Having counter fraud and anti-corruption arrangements in place and participation in the Hertfordshire Shared Anti-Fraud Service along with an adopted Whistleblowing Policy. • Maintaining an effective internal audit function to provide assurance on governance, risk management and control. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Constitution • Register of interests and register of gifts and hospitality for both members and officers • Requirement to disclose interests at Cabinet and committee meetings. • Officer Code of Conduct • Council Functions (Audit and Standards Committee) • Complaints Procedure • Quarterly service performance report to Cabinet • Quarterly performance monitor reports to the Scrutiny Committee • Regular reports to Audit and Standards Committee on any complaints received against members of the Council • Part 1 and Part 3(a) reports to Cabinet and committees • Risk Management Policy and Strategy • Business Continuity Plans • Strategic and operational risk registers • Cabinet and committee report template (risk implications section) • Regular risk management reports to Audit and Standards Committee • Role of Corporate Legal Services Manager • Designated Treasury Insurance and Risk Manager • Internal Audit recommendations • External auditor reports on recommendations • Internal audit recommendation tracker

Principle G: Implementing good practices in transparency reporting and audit to deliver effective accountability

The Council as a whole is open and accessible to the community, service users and its staff and it endeavours to be open and transparent in all its dealings, subject only to the need to preserve confidentiality in those specific circumstances where it is proper and appropriate to do so.

		Supporting documentation and evidence of compliance with G(1)
G(1)	<p>Transparency, reporting and auditing</p> <p>The Council does this by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Having a defined process to ensure that reports for the public/stakeholders are fair, balanced and easy to access and understandable for the audience. • Reporting regularly on performance and on use of resources. • Requiring managers to produce annual assurance statements. • Preparing an annual governance statement on the robustness of this framework. • Having processes to ensure that external/internal audit feedback is acted upon/responded to by managers and members. • Having effective internal audit and an annual audit plan, with outcomes reported regularly to the Audit and Standards Committee. • The Scrutiny Committee undertaking constructive challenge and enhancing the Council’s performance overall. • Ensuring that arrangements are in place for confidential reporting or ‘whistleblowing’ which are published to staff. • The Council has a Benefit Fraud confidential reporting line and a confidential reporting line to the Hertfordshire Shared Anti-Fraud Service for all other types of fraud. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agendas and minutes of Scrutiny Committee • Scrutiny Committee Annual Work Programme • Scrutiny Committee reports to Council • Constitution • Agendas and minutes of Cabinet and committee meetings • Decision making transparency records • Councillor and officer guide to decision making • Transparency Code • Members’ induction scheme • Officer training on report writing • Review by Corporate Management Team • Whistleblowing Policy • Mandatory eLearning on Fraud Awareness and Financial Procedures • Compliance with Freedom of Information Act – information requests are monitored to ensure that requests are responded to within the statutory time scales • Corporate Equalities Scheme • Publication of statutory transparency information • Annual governance statement • Internal audit plan • Regular updates to Audit and Standards Committee on the work of the Shared Anti-Fraud Service • Internal Audit recommendation tracker • Member and officer registers of interests and of gifts received



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